NOT : Her boşluk 10 puan, süre 30 dakikadır. Başarılar.

Aşağıdaki boşlukları uygun kelimelerle doldurunuz.
intersects, local extremum, the notations, reflexive and transitive, horizontal, a critical point, an automorphism, symmetric, an interior point, vertex.

1) An isomorphism from a group $G$ to $G$ itself is called an automorphism of $G$.
2) the notations $\simeq \cong$ and $\approx$ are used for the same purpose.
3) A point $c$ in the domain of a function $f$ is called a critical point of $f$ if the derivative $f^{\prime}(c)$ either fails to exist or is equal to zero.
4) The term local extremum refers to either a local maximum or a local minimum.
5) Every point of (a,b) is called an interior point of [a,b].
6) If the endpoints of a curve have the same $y$ coordinate, then the chord $A B$ joining the endpoints is horizontal.
7) A parabola has one vertex, an ellipse and a hyperbola have two vertices.
8) The points at which the conic intersects its axis are called the vertices of the conic.
9) Every conic is symmetric about its axis.
10) On a given collection $\boldsymbol{g}$ of groups, the relation of being a homomorphic image is reflexive and transitive, but may not be symmetric.
